



### Round table 2

#### MODELS TO INTERPRET ISM OBSERVATIONS

# of galaxies

Emeric Bron Véronique Buat Sylvie Cabrit Karine Demyk Gary Ferland Jérôme Pety & Nathalie Ysard



# Only remote sensing → Absence of Observational Ground Truth

- How do we know that we achieve the truth?
- Which observations can discriminate physical and chemical processes?
- Can we consider some unknown physical/chemical parameters as just an additional source of noise?
- What is the role of imperfect data reduction? Should we go to models taking into account imperfections of the observations?



# **Observations vs. Models**

- The geometry problem
  - → How to tackle mixing of different environments along a pencil beam line of sight? Mixture of dust properties, dense vs diffuse environment, ...
  - → How to tackle mixing of many environments in a single kpc beam of high-z galaxies?
- How to compare models and observations?
  - → Is the statistical analysis of observations the only way forward? What about observation benchmarks for ISM?
  - $\rightarrow$  Possibility to lift the degeneracies coming from integration along the line of sight.
- Possibility to turn on/off some part of the physics/chemistry to understand its impact?



# Which model complexity for which observations?

- How do we know the right model complexity for a given set of observations?
- How to disentangle the degeneracy between physical parameters?
- Do more observations bring more constraints or just more complexity?
- Will the modeling of foregrounds be required for current and future cosmological experiments (CONCERTO, EUCLID, LITEBIRD, ...)?



### On the need of laboratory astrophysics

- Do we need laboratory astrophysics to understand ISM, IGM?
- Is laboratory astrophysics any useful to high-z study?



# Modeling vs Simulations

- High complexity vs simplified simulations
  - → Currently impossible to put all physics and chemistry in a simulation of a GMC or a galaxy
  - $\rightarrow$  Is subgrid physics and chemistry the solution?
  - → Do we miss macroscopic phenomena with subgrid physics?
- Semi-analytical vs numerical challenges
- 1D vs 3D: Which effects do require full 3D simulations?
- Stationary vs out-of-equilibrium: Which effects can be treated as stationary?



# Towards a UNIX-like model of ISM?

- Extremely precise models of dust, shocks, PDRs, HII regions
  - → In extragalactic observations, we always get a mixture of all of these: Is it possible to imagine interoperability of detailed models to get a better description of reality?